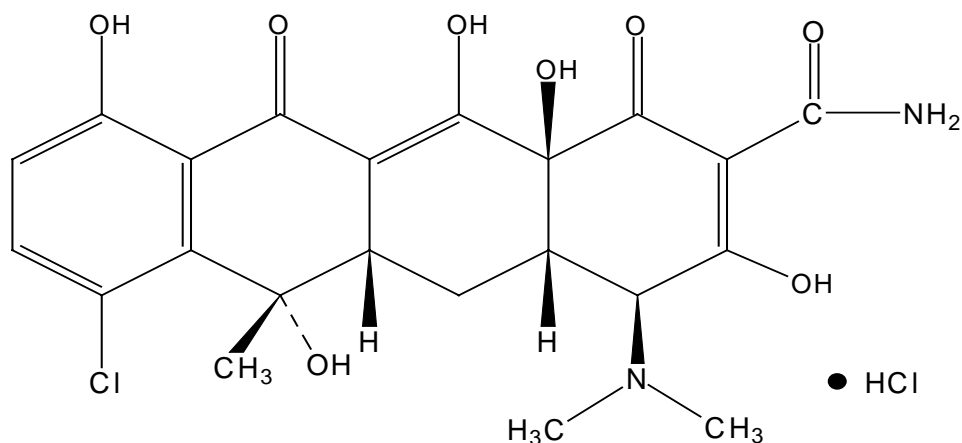


**CHLORTETRACYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE**  
Sigma Prod. No. C4881**Product Information****CAS NUMBER:** 64-72-2**SYNONYMS:** aureomycin; aureocycline; auxeomycin; biomycin; 7-chlorotetracycline**PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION:**

Appearance: Yellow to yellow-tan powder

Molecular formula:  $C_{22}H_{23}ClN_2O_8 \cdot HCl$ 

Molecular weight: 515.3

Potency values (ranging from 940 to 960  $\mu g/mg$ ) are provided by our supplier; the bioassay does not distinguish between chlortetracycline and tetracycline<sup>1</sup>Melting point: decomposes above 210°C<sup>2</sup> $\lambda_{max}$  (in 0.1 N HCl) = 230, 262.5, 367.5;  $\lambda_{max}$  (in 0.1 N NaOH) = 255, 285 and 345 nm.<sup>3</sup> $pK_a$  values = 3.3, 7.4 and 9.3 at 25°C.<sup>4</sup>**STORAGE / STABILITY AS SUPPLIED:**If stored frozen, chlortetracycline hydrochloride is expected to remain stable at least four years.<sup>1,5</sup>

## SOLUBILITY / SOLUTION STABILITY:

The product is tested in 1 M NaOH, giving a clear yellow to brown solution at 50 mg/mL. Its solubility at room temperature in water is reportedly about 8.6 mg/mL, in methanol, 17.4 mg/mL and in ethanol, 1.7 mg/mL. It is soluble in solutions of alkali hydroxides and carbonates.<sup>3</sup> It is practically insoluble in acetone and other organic solvents.<sup>5</sup>

For use as a reference, the U.S. Pharmacopeia notes that a stock solution prepared in 0.01 N HCl should be stored refrigerated and used within 4 days.<sup>6</sup>

## GENERAL REMARKS:

Chlortetracycline hydrochloride has antimicrobial action similar to tetracycline hydrochloride, but it is somewhat less active against many Gram-negative organisms. It was first isolated from the culture of *Streptomyces aureofaciens*; its preparation and sale were under patent in 1949 and 1959.<sup>3,7</sup>

The biochemical literature has many references to the product, but an excellent review was published by Schwartzman et al.<sup>8</sup> Analytical data are also published in excellent resource books.<sup>4,9</sup>

## HPLC PROTOCOL<sup>5</sup>

Column: Vydac C18 25 cm x 4.5 mm ID particle size 5 µm

Mobile Phases:

A: 0.1% H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> in water 85%

B: 0.1% H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> in acetonitrile 15%

Pressure: 2200 psi

Flow Rate: 1.5 mL/min

Solvent: Mobile phase A, 1 mg/mL

Volume Injected: 10 µL

Detection: 360 nm

Retention Time: approx. 12 minutes for major peak

approx. 4 min for tetracycline (major impurity)

## REFERENCES:

1. Supplier data.
2. Sigma Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).
3. *Merck Index*, 12th ed., #2245 (1996).
4. *Clarke's Isolation and Identification of Drugs*, 2nd ed., Moffatt, A.C., Ed., (Pharmaceutical Press, 1988), p. 463.
5. Sigma quality control data.
6. *U. S. Pharmacopeia*, XXIII, p. 1693 (1995).
7. *Martindale: The Extra Pharmacopoeia*, 31st ed., p. 206 (1996).
8. Schwartzman, G., et al., *Analytical Profiles of Drug Substances*, K. Florey, Ed. (Academic Press), Vol. 8, 101-137 (1979).
9. *Instrumental Data for Drug Analysis*, Vol. 1-5 (1987), Mills et al., Eds.

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